# VT-2700: AVIAN AND EXOTIC ANIMAL MEDICINE

# **Cuyahoga Community College**

Viewing: VT-2700: Avian and Exotic Animal Medicine

**Board of Trustees:** December 2022

**Academic Term:** 

Fall 2023

**Subject Code** 

VT - Veterinary Technology

**Course Number:** 

2700

Title:

Avian and Exotic Animal Medicine

#### **Catalog Description:**

Introduction to avian and exotic animal husbandry, physical examination, clinical procedures and common clinical conditions. Field trips may be included.

## Credit Hour(s):

2

#### Lecture Hour(s):

2

## Lab Hour(s):

0

## Other Hour(s):

0

## Requisites

## **Prerequisite and Corequisite**

VT-2610 Veterinary Anesthesia, Analgesia, and Dental Techniques, and VT-2412 Veterinary Pathology IV.

#### **Outcomes**

#### Course Outcome(s):

Provide safe, effective and humane treatment for domestic or wild bird species in a clinical practice or animal-care facility.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Describe the basic husbandry and physical characteristics of the commonly encountered psittaform, passerine, anseriform, columbiform, galliform, and falconiform birds a technician might encounter in an avian practice.
- 2. Explain clinically significant avian anatomy and physiology.
- 3. Explain the common methods for safe restraint of commonly encountered birds.
- 4. Describe the signs of common avian clinical problems and assist the veterinarian with appropriate diagnostic procedures and treatments.

## Course Outcome(s):

Provide safe, effective and humane treatment for domestic or wild reptilian species in a clinical practice or animal-care facility.

#### Objective(s):

- a. Explain clinically significant reptile anatomy and physiology.
- b. Explain the common methods for safe restraint of commonly encountered reptiles.

 Describe the signs of common reptilian clinical problems and assist the veterinarian with appropriate diagnostic procedures and treatments.

## Course Outcome(s):

Provide safe, effective and humane treatment for domestic or wild amphibians and fish in a clinical practice or animal-care facility.

#### Objective(s):

- a. Explain clinically significant domestic or wild amphibian and fish anatomy and physiology.
- b. Explain the common methods for safe restraint commonly encountered amphibians and fish.
- c. Describe the signs of common clinical problems and assist the veterinarian with appropriate diagnostic procedures and treatments for amphibian and fish species.

#### Course Outcome(s):

Provide safe, effective and humane treatment for non-human primates.

#### Objective(s):

- a. 1. Describe the basic husbandry and physical characteristics of the commonly encountered non-human primates a technician might encounter in an exotic species practice.
- b. Explain clinically significant non-human primates anatomy and physiology.
- c. Explain the common methods for safe restraint of commonly encountered non-human primates.
- d. Describe the signs of common non-human primates clinical problems and assist the veterinarian with appropriate diagnostic procedures and treatments.

#### Course Outcome(s):

Instruct a client on the correct care for pets such as birds, reptiles, amphibians and fish.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Discuss routine husbandry procedures for commonly-encountered exotic animal species of mammals, reptiles, amphibians, birds and fish including housing ventilation, heat/humidy, feed sanitation, water and special requirements.
- 2. Obtain a good medical history for c+ommonly-encountered exotic animal species of mammals, reptiles, amphibians, birds and fish over the phone and advise an owner properly as to how to transport their animal to the veterinary office.
- 3. Explain the common methods for safe restraint of commonly encountered exotic animal species.

## Course Outcome(s):

Advise clients on legalities of obtaining and owning wild animals (native or exotic) as pets.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Explain the potential zoonotic disease issues that may arise with owning or handling exotic species.
- 2. Discuss legal ramifications of adopting wild animals (exotic or native) as pets.
- 3. Discuss federal and state laws dealing with orphaned wildlife and their care and rehabilitation.

#### Course Outcome(s):

Explain to a client the advantages and disadvantages, of owning wild animals as pets.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Explain proper care and husbandry to a client considering ownership of birds, reptiles, amphibians or fish.
- 2. Discuss federal and state laws dealing with orphaned wildlife and their care and rehabilitation.

#### Course Outcome(s):

Instruct a client who finds an apparently orphaned wild animal with legal and humane means of dealing with the animal.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Explain the common methods for safe restraint of commonly encountered birds and reptiles.
- 2. Discuss federal and state laws dealing with orphaned wildlife and their care and rehabilitation.

### Course Outcome(s):

Explain to a client the potential zoonotic diseases and safety issues that may arise with keeping exotic animals as pets.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Explain the potential zoonotic disease issues that may arise with owning or handling exotic species.
- 2. Describe the common zoonotic diseases of avians, reptiles, amphibians, and fish.

#### Methods of Evaluation:

- a. Quizzes
- b. Unit lecture examinations
- c. Comprehensive final examination
- d. Written assignments

#### **Course Content Outline:**

- a. Introduction to different types of birds
  - i. Psittaformes (parrots, budgerigars, cockatiels, etc.)
  - ii. Passerines (finches, mynas, common songbirds)
  - iii. Anseriformes (ducks, geese, most waterfowl)
  - iv. Columbiformes (doves, pigeons)
  - v. Galliformes (chickens, pheasants, peafowl)
  - vi. Falconiformes (raptors, hawks, falcons)
  - vii. Struthioformes (ostrich, emu, rhea)
- b. Avian anatomy and physiology
- c. Telephone techniques for avian inquiries
- d. Obtaining a good avian history
- e. Safe restraint of avians
- f. Basic avian nutrition and housing requirements
- g. Avian examination
  - i. Visual
  - ii. Auscultation
  - iii. Palpation
- h. Avian husbandry procedures
  - i. Nail trims
  - ii. Wing clips
  - iii. Sex determination
  - iv. Beak trims
  - v. Broken blood feathers
- i. Avian diagnostic tests
  - i. Fecal examination
  - ii. Cloacal swabs
  - iii. Crop wash/cytologic examination
  - iv. Bloodwork
  - v. Radiographic techniques and
  - vi. Oral and parenteral medication administration
- j. Common avian problems
  - i. Problems associated with errors in husbandry and nutrition
  - ii. Trauma
  - iii. Toxicity
    - 1. oil soaked birds
    - 2. organophosphate poisoning

- 3. lead poisoning
- 4. plants
- iv. Egg binding
- v. Chlamydiosis
- vi. Beak problems and oral lesions
- vii. Feather picking and behavioral problems
- viii. Beak and feather syndrome
- ix. Knemidokoptes mites, feather mites, lice
- x. Bumblefoot
- xi. Avian pox
- xii. Giardiasis and coccidiosis
- xiii. Visceral velotropic Newcastle disease
- k. Lizard anatomy, husbandry, restraint, and common medical problems
  - i. Iguanas
  - ii. Clinically significant anatomy
  - iii. Husbandry and caging
  - iv. Restraint techniques
  - v. Common medical problems
- I. Snake anatomy, husbandry, restraint, and common medical problems
  - i. Common types of pet snakes
  - ii. Clinically significant anatomy
  - iii. Recognition of venomous reptiles
  - iv. Husbandry and caging
  - v. Restraint techniques
  - vi. Common medical problems
- m. Turtle and tortoise anatomy, husbandry, restraint, and common medical problems
  - i. Aquatic (turtles) versus terrestrial (tortoises)
  - ii. Clinically significant anatomy
  - iii. Captive husbandry
  - iv. Restraint techniques
  - v. Common medical problems
- n. Amphibians and fish
  - i. Important species
  - ii. Clinically significant anatomy
  - iii. Husbandry and caging
  - iv. Restraint techniques
  - v. Common medical procedures
  - vi. Zoonotic diseases
- o. Non-human primates (NHP"s) and other species
  - i. Important species
  - ii. Clinically significant anatomy
  - iii. Husbandry and caging
  - iv. Restraint techniques
  - v. Common medical procedures
  - vi. Zoonotic diseases
- p. Ethical and legal issues in wildlife management and rehabilitation
  - i. Veterinary technician"s role in wildlife rehabilitation and release
  - ii. Legal and ethical issues involving private ownership of exotic animals

#### Resources

Fowler, Murray E. Restraint and Handling of Wild and Domestic Animals. 3rd. Wlley-Blackwell, 2008.

Harrison, Greg J., and Linda R. Harrison. *Clinical Avian Medicine and Surgery*. Philadelphia: W B. Saunders, 1986.

Bassert and Thomas, eds. *McCurnin's Clinical Textbook for Veterinary Technicians*. 10th ed. St. Louis, M0: Elsevier, 2022.

Jepson, Lance. *Exotic Animal Medicine*. 2nd ed. Edinburgh: Saunders/ Elsevier, 2016.

Quesenberry and Carpenter. *Ferrets, Rabbits and Rodents: Clinical Medicine and Surgery*. 4th ed. St. Louis, M0: Elsevier, 2019.

Divers, Stephen J and Scott J. Stahl. *Mader's Reptile and Amphibian Medicine and Surgery*. 3rd ed. Elsevier, 2019.

Top of page Key: 4475