# **ATLB-2120: PNEUMATIC TOOLS**

## **Cuyahoga Community College**

### Viewing: ATLB-2120 : Pneumatic Tools

Board of Trustees: 2012-06-28

Academic Term:

Spring 2019

Subject Code

ATLB - AIT-Construct/Hazard Material

#### Course Number:

2120

Title:

Pneumatic Tools

#### **Catalog Description:**

The care and use of pneumatic tools including compressors and pavement breaking equipment, carpenter tending duties, and hydraulic splitters. The safe operation of a sandblaster. A review of OSHA Subpart I, pneumatic tools and personal protective equipment (PPE) is given.

Credit Hour(s):

2

Lecture Hour(s):

2

#### **Requisites**

#### Prerequisite and Corequisite

Departmental approval: admission to the Construction Tending and Hazardous MAterial Abatement program.

#### **Outcomes**

Course Outcome(s):

1. Demonstrate the safe operation of pneumatic tools and operate in a job situation.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. List the pneumatic tools that are commonly used in construction.
- 2. Maintain various pneumatic tools by disassembling, inspecting, and and rebuiliding components and lubricating as needed.
- 3. Identify types of pavement breakers and various interchangeable parts required for breaking concrete, asphalt and masonry block.
- 4. Differentiate between chipping guns and pavement breakers and tool selection for specific jobs.
- 5. Assess job situations and select proper pneumatic tools for different tasks.
- 6. Operate pneumatic tools in a safe manner and in accordance with safety regulations as prescribed by OSHA.

#### Course Outcome(s):

2. Recognize and identify various carpenter tasks, tools, and materials used in construction.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Identify and label fasteners and materials including nails, screws, and lumber and plywood used in form building.
- 2. Demonstrate the construction of job built and patented forms for footing walls and slabs.
- 3. Identify the various tools and hardware used by carpenters on jobsites.
- 4. List materials, wood and wood substitutes used in form building and in different parts of a structure.
- 5. Compare types of forming methods including job-built and patented forming systems.

#### Course Outcome(s):

3. Discuss the operation of the hydraulic splitter, identify the components of the equipment and operate in a controlled break situation.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Identify the components of the hydraulic splitter and demonstrate the safe operation of the tool.
- 2. Establish a layout pattern for controlled breaks including hole depth and spacing.
- 3. Position the tool for controlled breaks either horizontally or vertically.
- 4. Operate the hydraulic splitter in a safe and controlled manner.
- 5. Maintain the equipment by lubricating and or replacing worn parts.

#### Course Outcome(s):

4. Discuss the operation of the sandblaster and the components of the equipment, various applications and different blasting agents for hard and soft surfaces.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. List the parts of the sandblaster including hoses and tips.
- 2. Demonstrate the regulation of the pressure of the equipment.
- 3. Identify the different types of sandblasting agents for either hard or soft surfaces.
- 4. Demonstrate the operation of the sandblaster including tip selection, sand application and proper distance for effective operation.

#### Methods of Evaluation:

- 1. Quizzes
- 2. Tests
- 3. Class participation

#### **Course Content Outline:**

- 1. Pneumatic tools
  - a. Tools and equipment
    - i. Jack hammer
    - ii. Pavement breaker
    - iii. Chipping guns
  - b. Tool maintenance
  - c. Pavement breakers
    - i. Types and sizes
    - ii. Tools and bits
    - iii. Uses
  - d. Chipping guns
    - i. Uses
    - ii. Components
    - iii. Maintenance
  - e. Tool selection
  - f. Operation
    - i. Handling
    - ii. Positioning
    - iii. Hazards
    - iv. Safety
- 2. Carpenter tending
- a. Tools and hardware
  - i. Measuring tools
  - ii. Squares
  - iii. Hammers
  - iv. Drills
  - v. Pry bars
  - vi. Saws
    - 1. Power
    - 2. Hand

- b. Materials for forms and structures
  - i. Wood
  - ii. Wood substitutes
- c. Forming methods
  - i. Job built
  - ii. Patented systems
- d. Fasteners
  - i. Nails
  - ii. Screws
  - iii. Clamps
- e. Form hardware
  - i. Wedge bolts
  - ii. Waler ties and clamps
  - iii. Ties
  - iv. Turnbuckles
  - v. Braces and brackets
- f. Form construction
  - i. Panel layout
  - ii. Positioning
  - iii. Bracing and aligning
- 3. Hydraulic splitter
  - a. Components
    - i. Hydraulic lines
    - ii. Plugs
    - iii. Feathers
    - iv. Cylinders
  - b. Controlled breaks
    - i. Hole patterns
    - ii. Hole depth
    - iii. Break configuration
  - c. Positioning
  - d. Operation
    - i. Orientation
    - ii. Positioning
    - iii. Feed control
  - iv. Safety
- 4. Sand Blaster
  - a. Components
    - i. Hoses and nozzles
    - ii. Compressor
    - iii. Regulator
    - iv. Filters
    - v. Personal protective equipment
    - vi. Safety
  - b. Pressure regulation
    - i. Operating range
    - ii. Gages
  - c. Sand blasting agent
    - i. Silica sand
    - ii. Coal slag
    - iii. Metal shot
    - iv. Organic
  - d. Operation factors
    - i. Task orientation
    - ii. Tip selection
    - iii. Operator distance

#### Resources

LIUNA Training and Education Fund. Material Identification. Pomfret Center, CN: LIUNA Training and Education Fund, 2007.

LIUNA Training and Education Fund. *Pneumatic Tools Operation*. current. Pomfret Center, CN: LIUNA Training and Education Fund, 2007.

T.T. Love. Construction Manual: Concrete Formwork. Carlsbad, CA: Craftsman Book Company, 1973.

#### **Resources Other**

- 1. "Power Tool Safety is Specific". http://www.powertoolinstitute.com/pti\_pdfs/PTI\_Safety.pdf
- 2. "Powered Hand Tools". http://www.ncsu.edu/ehs/www99/right/handsMan/workplace/handtool.html

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